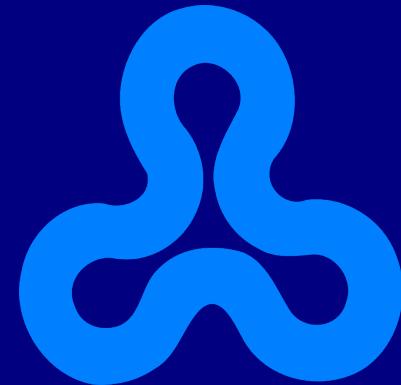


Demanding First-Class Equality for Domain Specific Aspect Languages

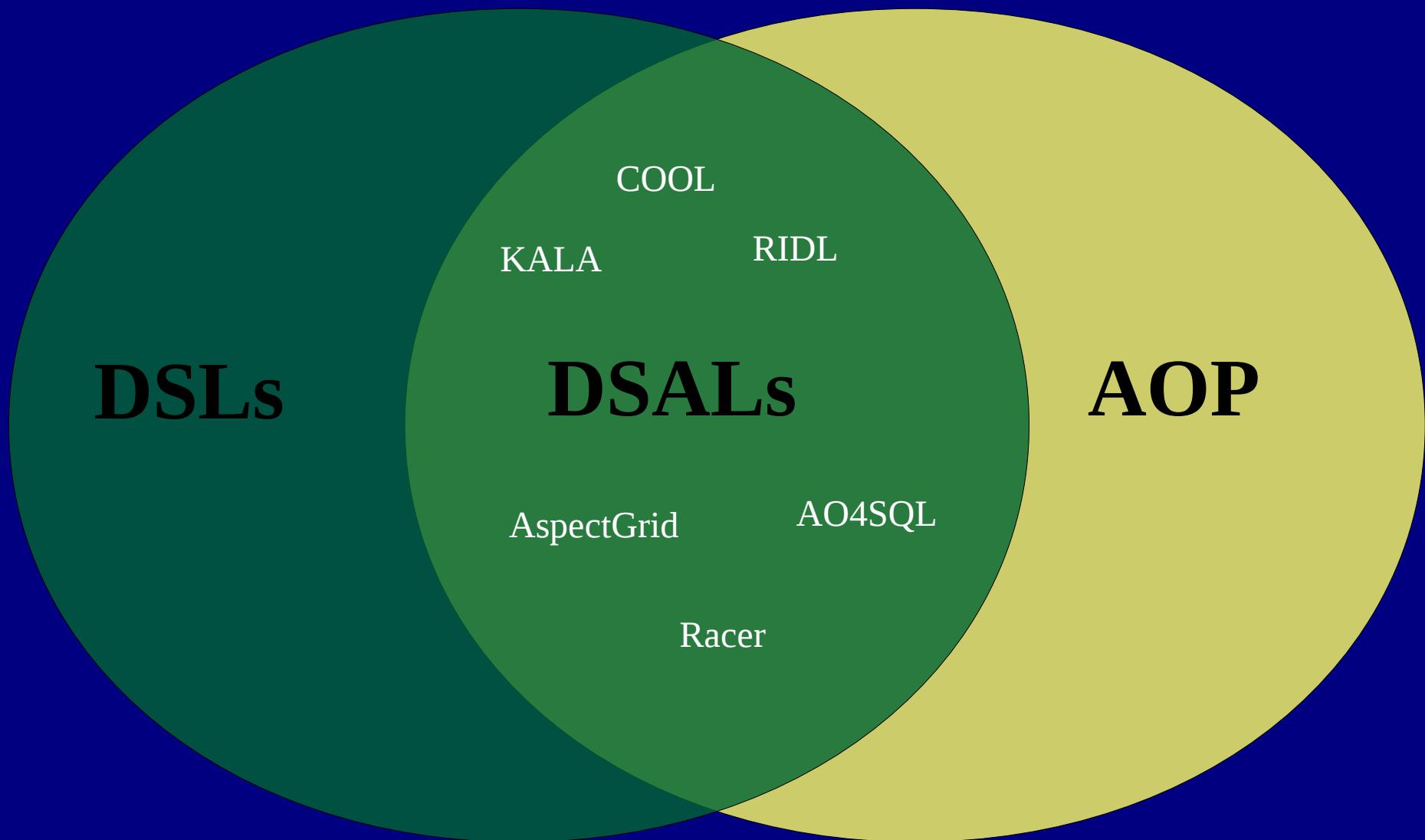
Arik Hadas

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Joint Work With:
David H. Lorenz

Domain Specific Aspect Languages



DSALs are Second-class

- **Second-class DSLs**
 - Not as easy to develop and to use
- **Second-class AOP languages**
 - Incompatible with AOP tools

Background

2005

DSL

**Language
workbenches: The
killer-app for
domain specific
languages**

DSAL

**abc: an
extensible
AspectJ
compiler**

Background

2005

DSL

Language workbenches: The killer-app for domain specific languages

DSAL

abc: an extensible AspectJ compiler

Background

	2005	Since 2005
DSL	<p>Language workbenches: The killer-app for domain specific languages</p>	<p>Language workbenches (LW)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">– xtext, MPS, Spoofax
DSAL	<p>abc: an extensible AspectJ compiler</p>	<p>AOP composition frameworks (CF)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">– Reflex, XAspects, AWESOME

Background

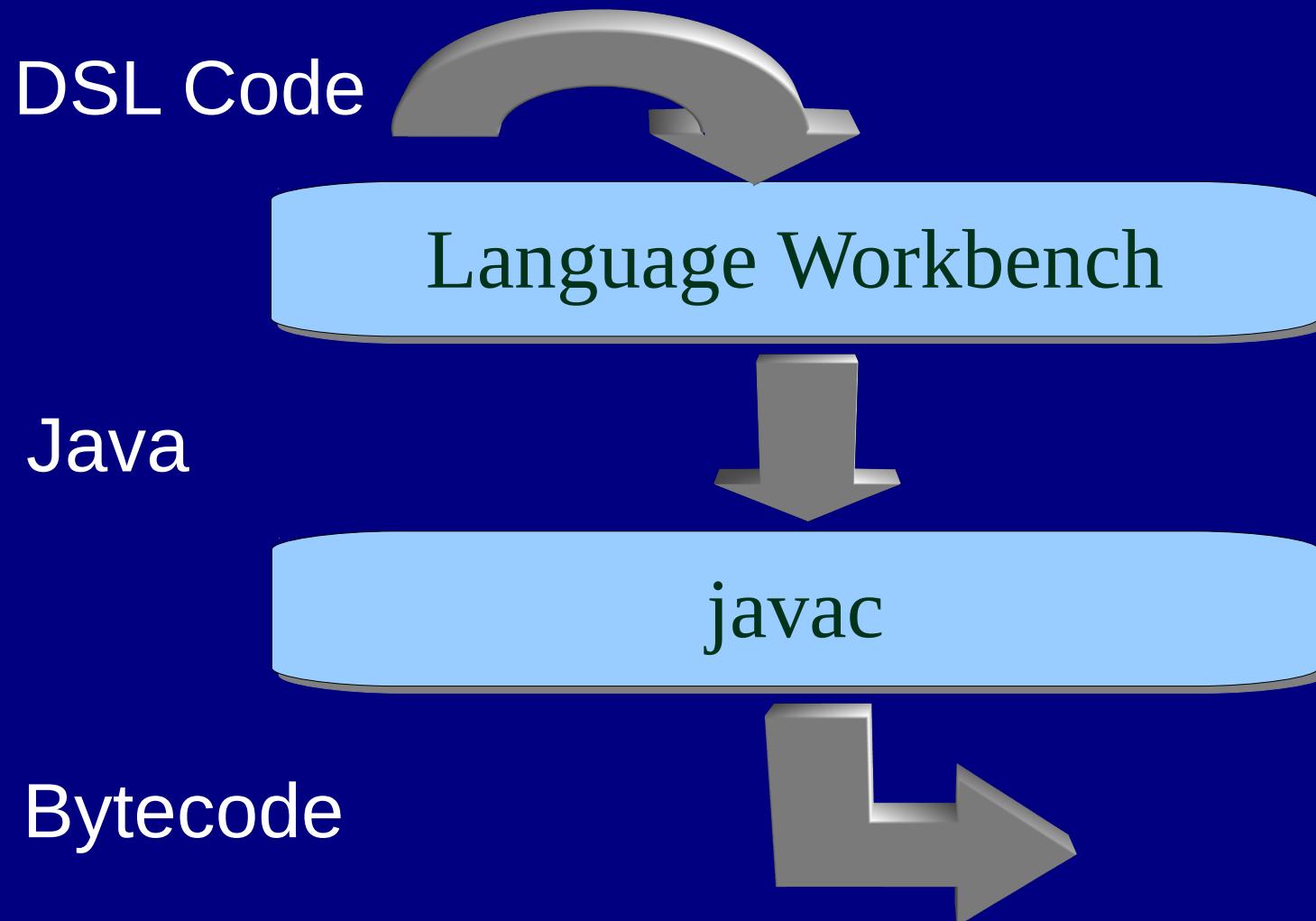
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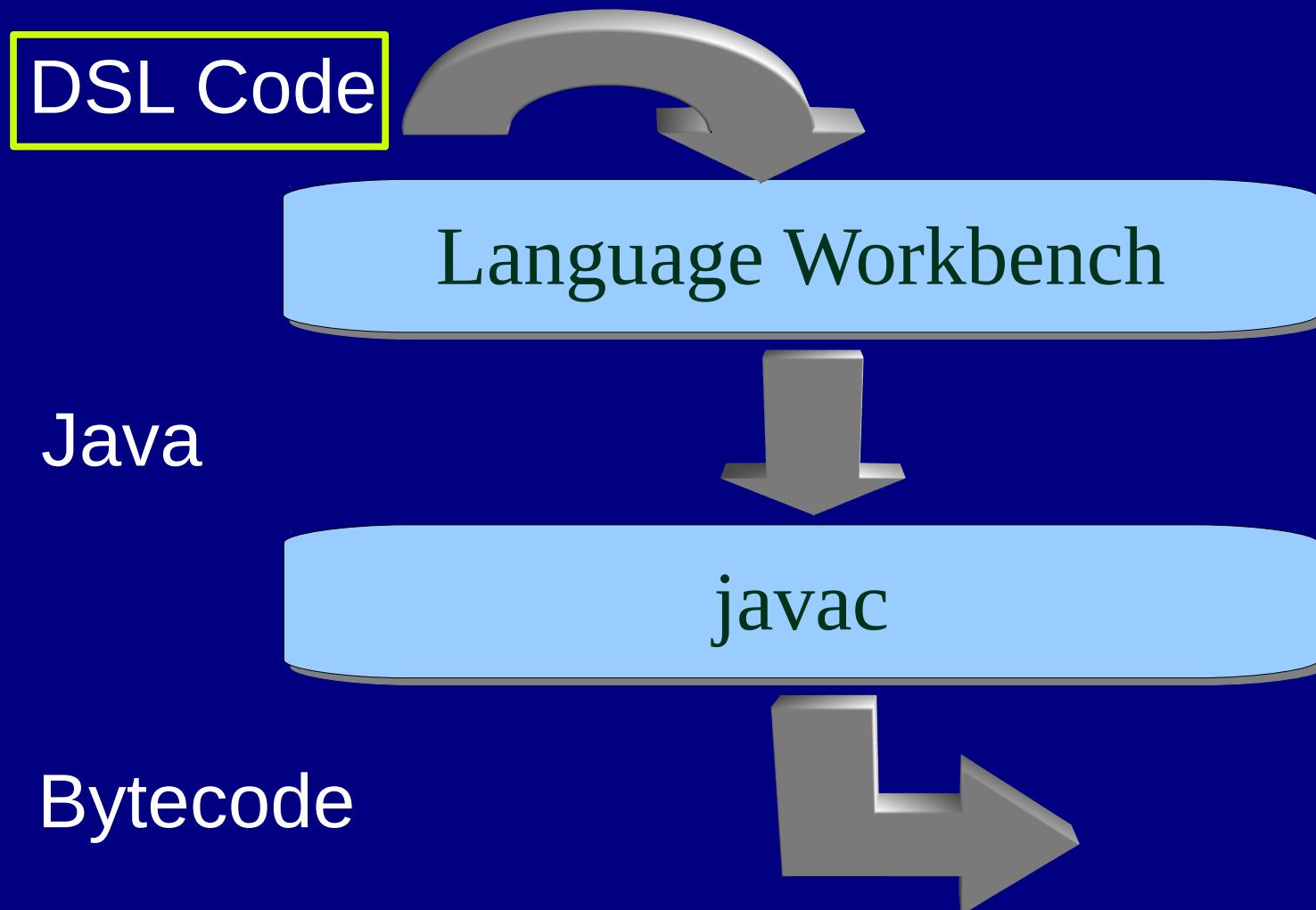
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But no workbench solution for DSALs

Language Workbench (LW)



Language Workbench (LW)

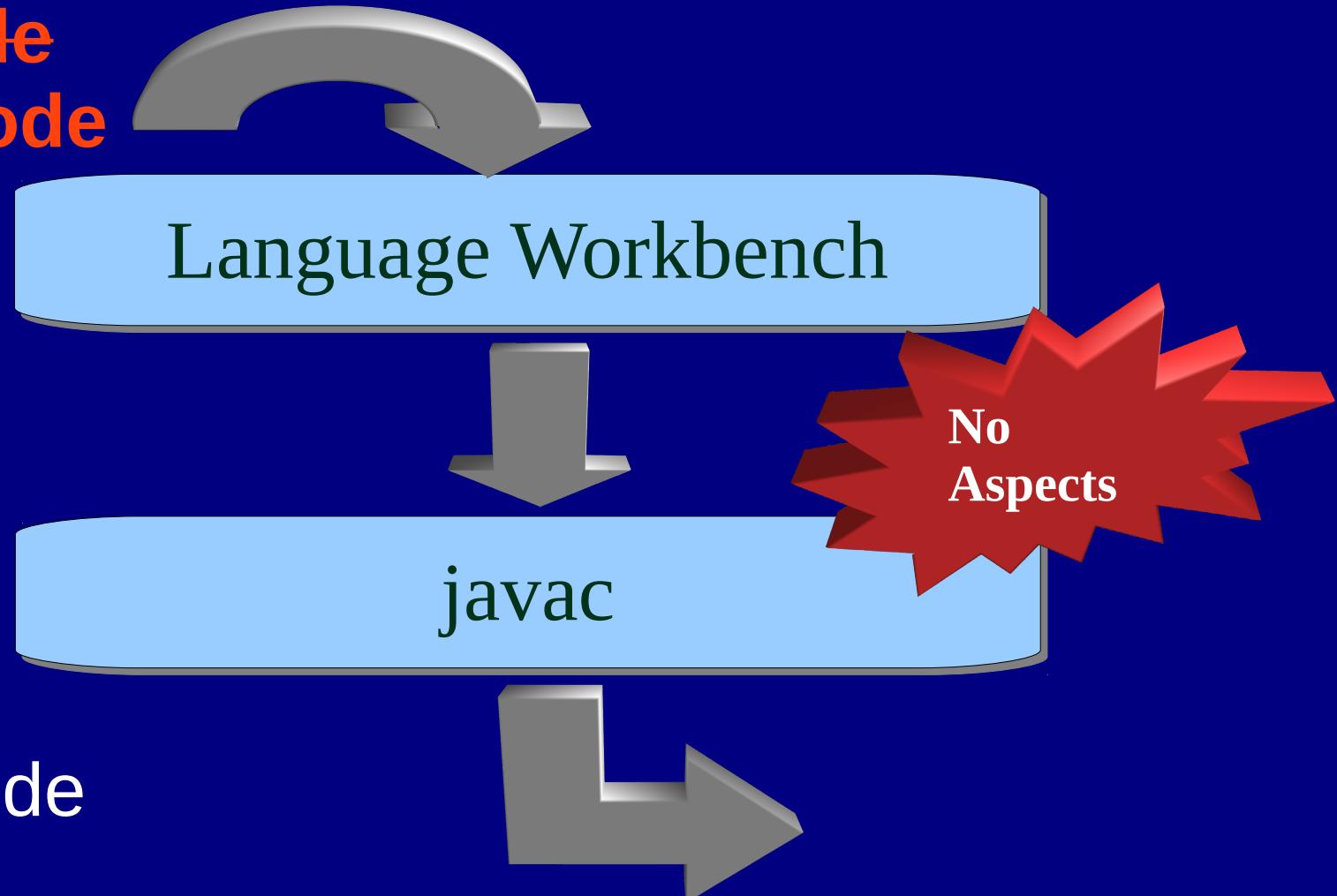


Using LW for DSAL

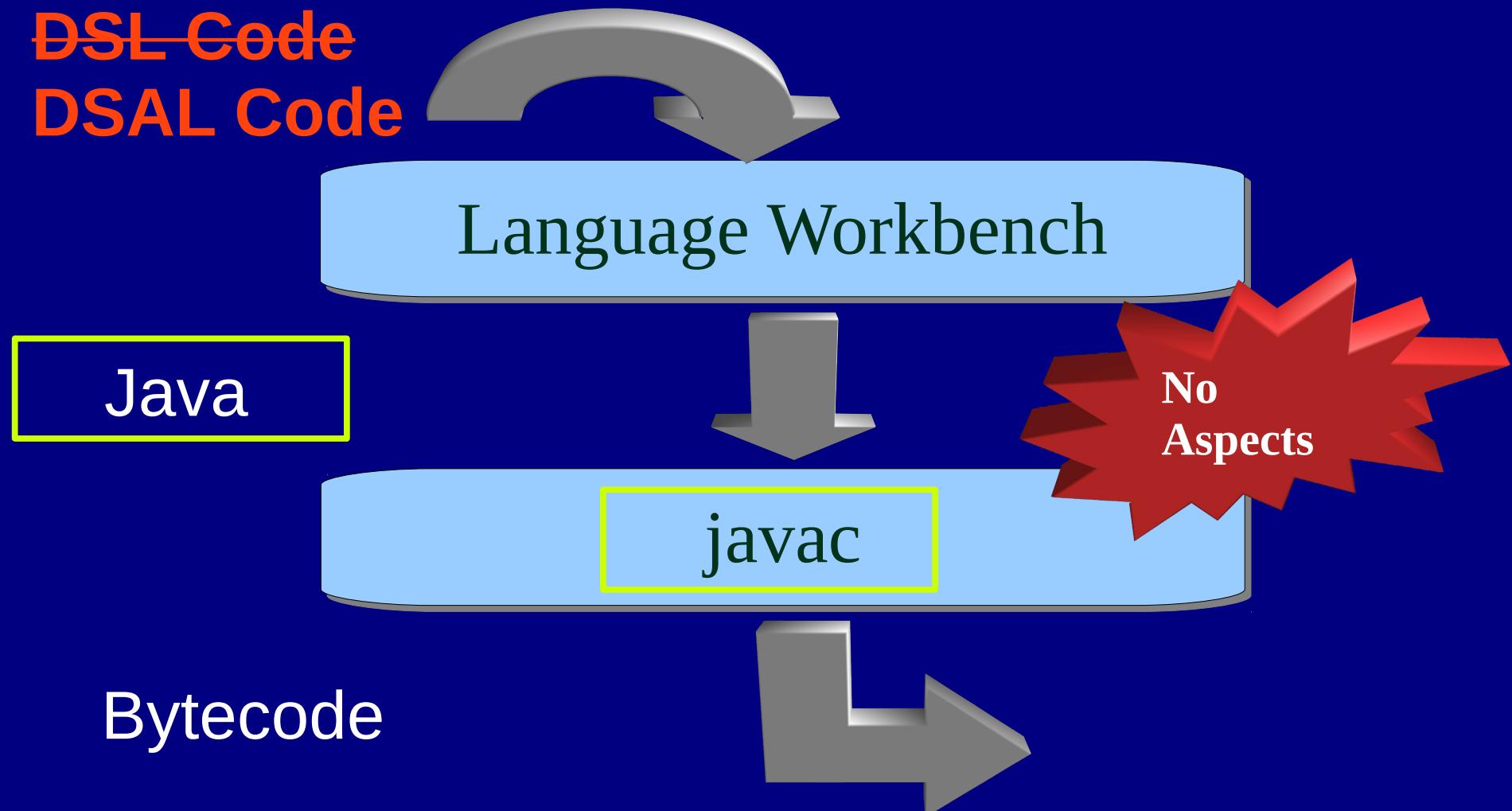
~~DSL Code~~
DSAL Code

Java

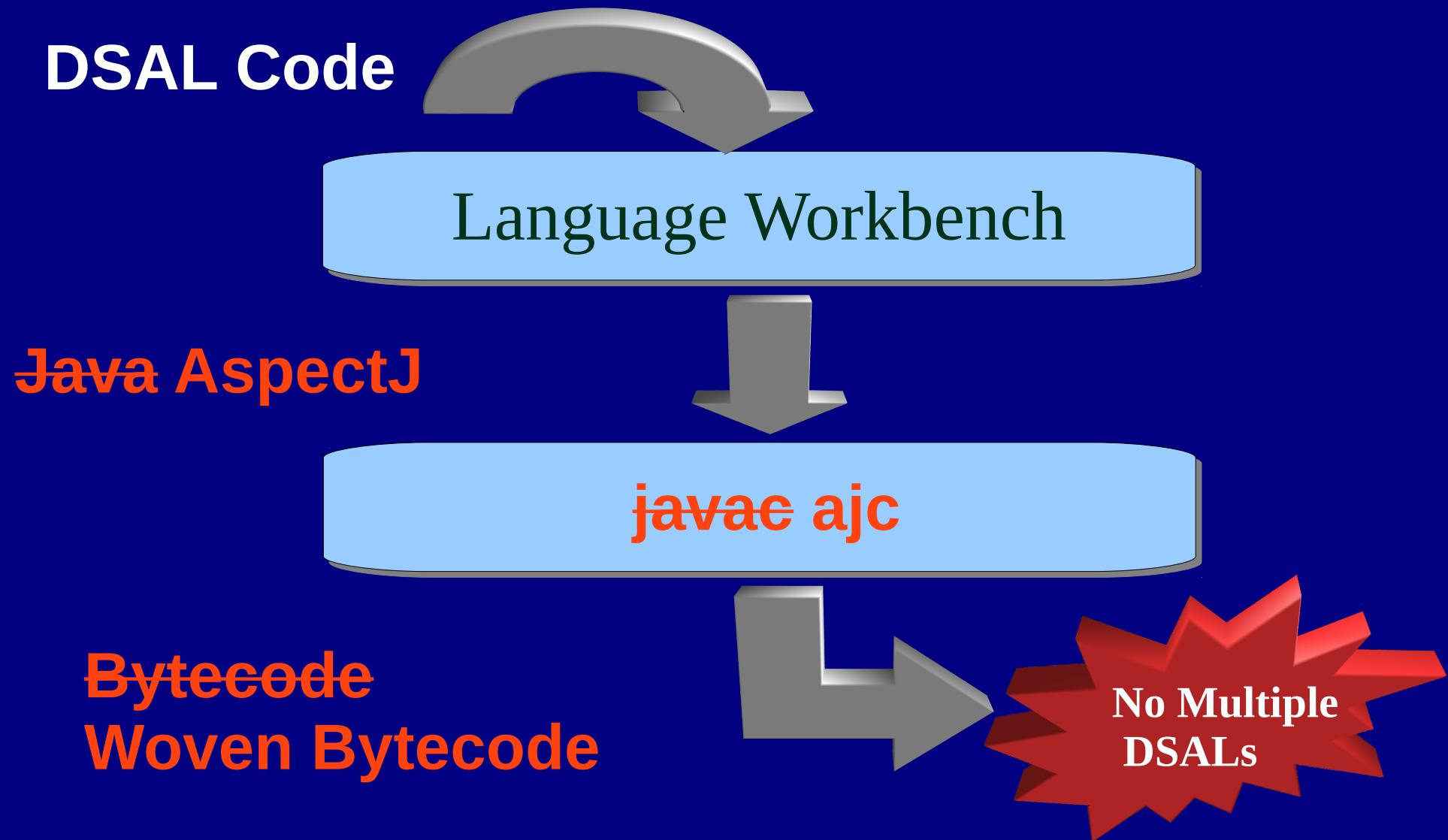
Bytecode



Using LW for DSAL

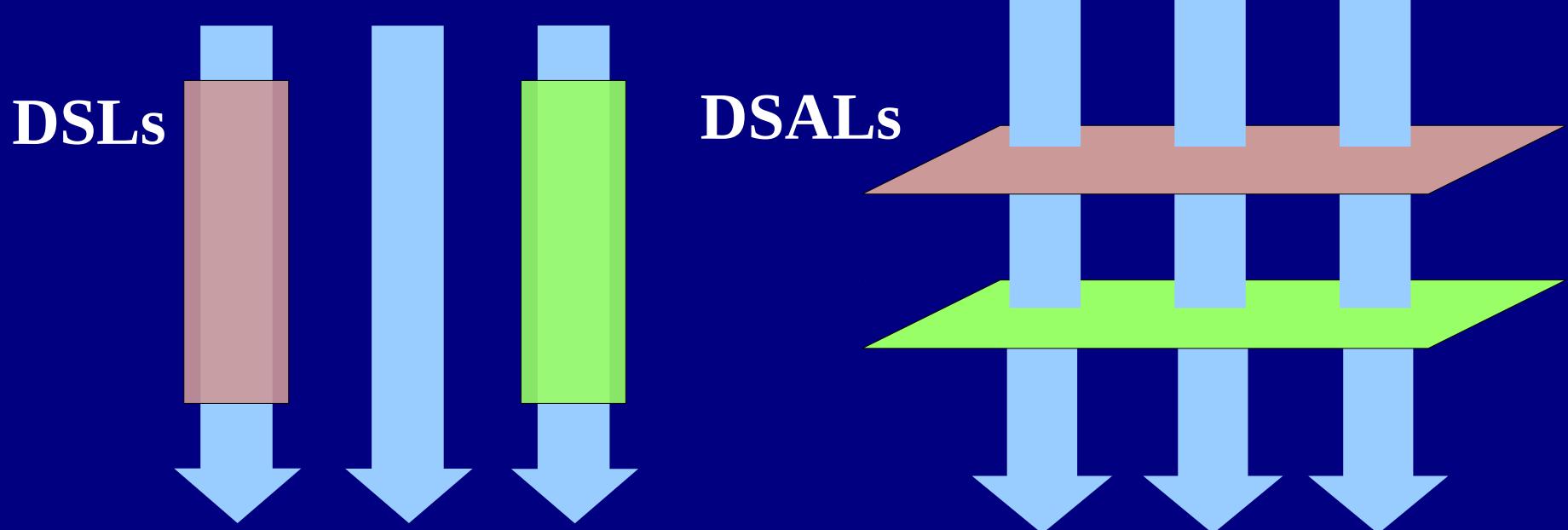


LW for AspectJ



DSAL Complexity

- Unlike DSL, DSAL tackles crosscutting concerns



Looking for a DSAL Workbench

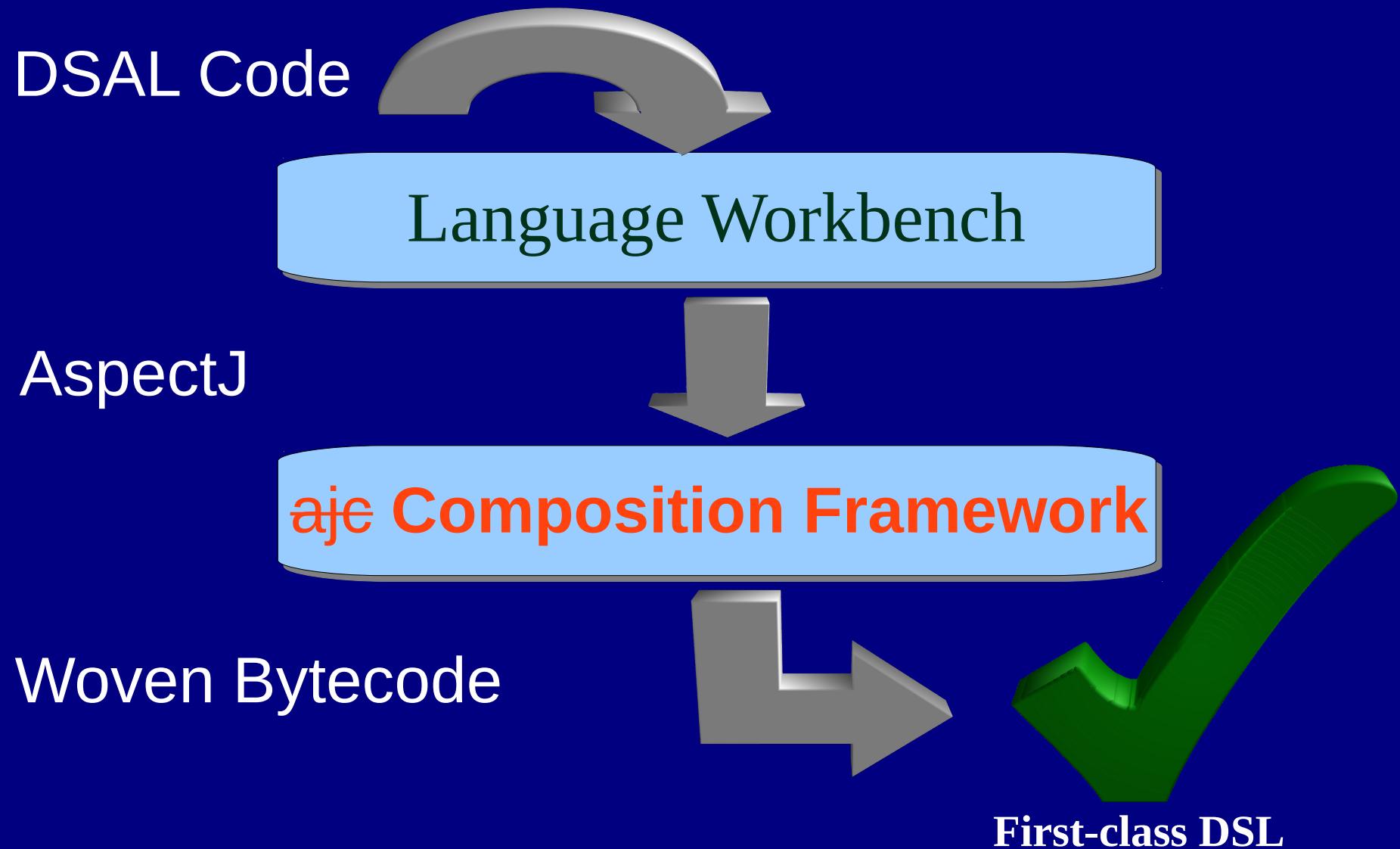
	Language Workbench	AOP Composition Framework
Tools for creation & usage of languages		
Defining weaving semantics needed for DSALs		

Looking for a DSAL Workbench

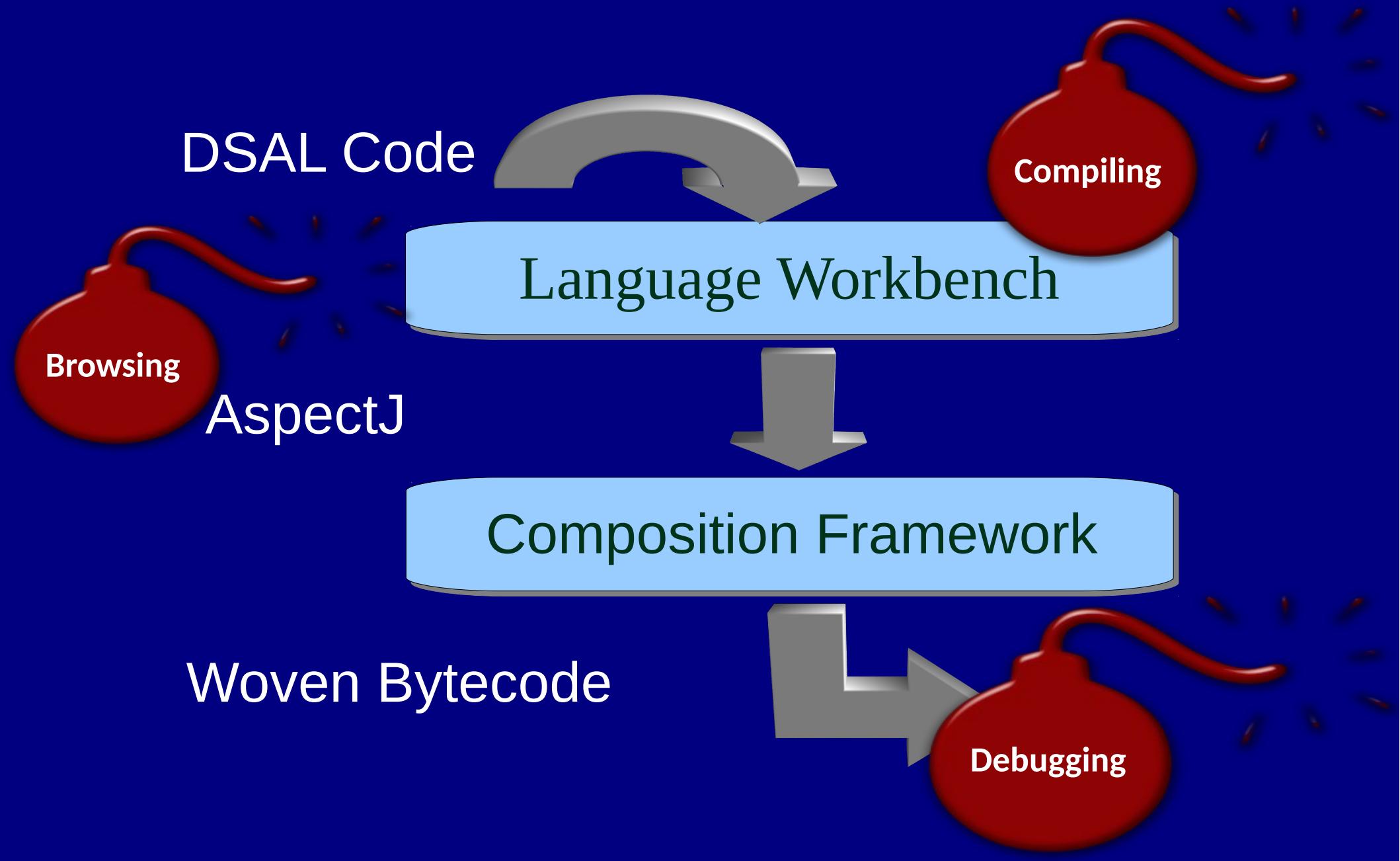
	Language Workbench	AOP Composition Framework
Tools for creation & usage of languages		
Defining weaving semantics needed for DSALs		

Will a naive combination of the two be a proper solution?

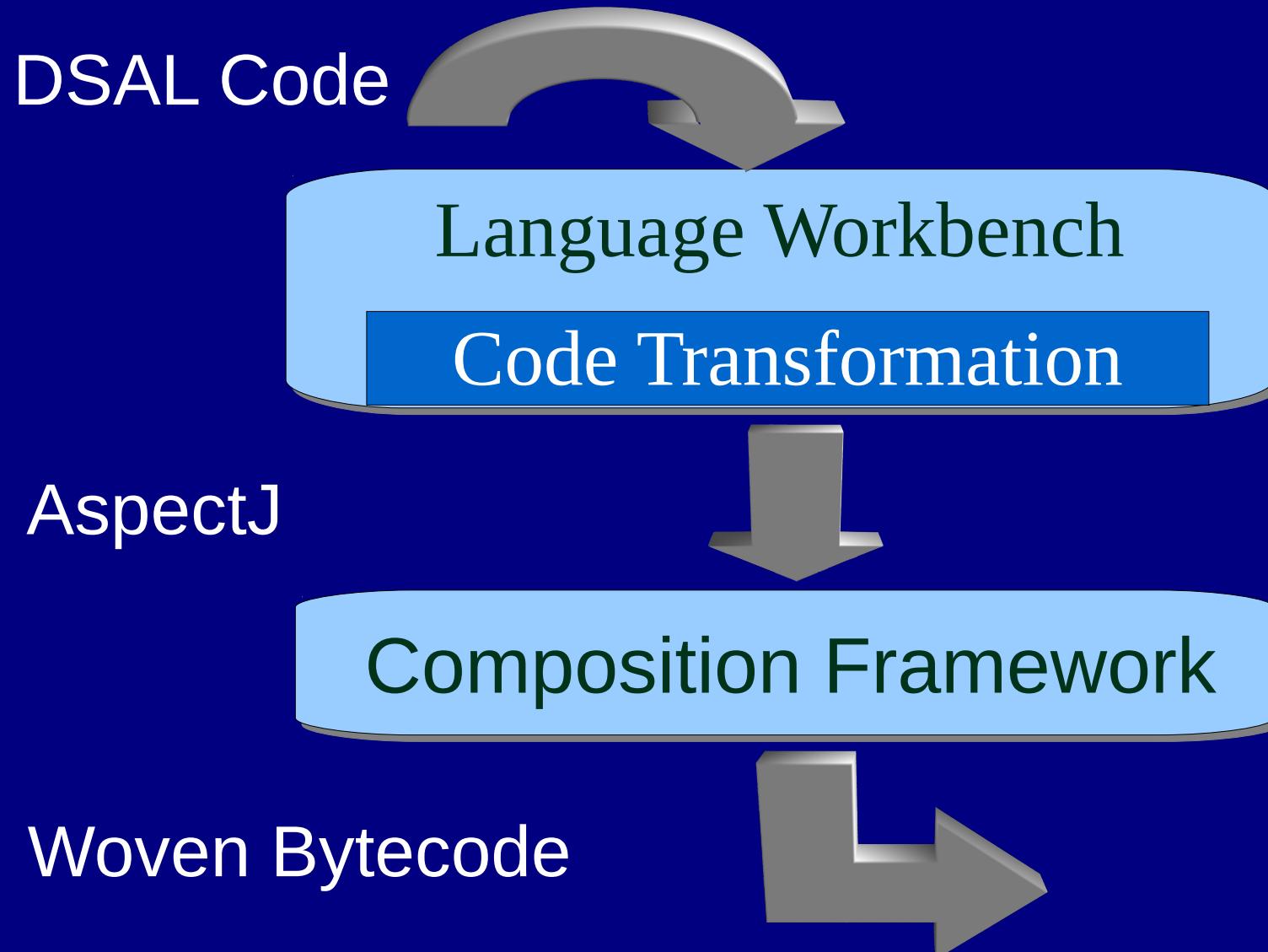
Naive Combination of LW and CF



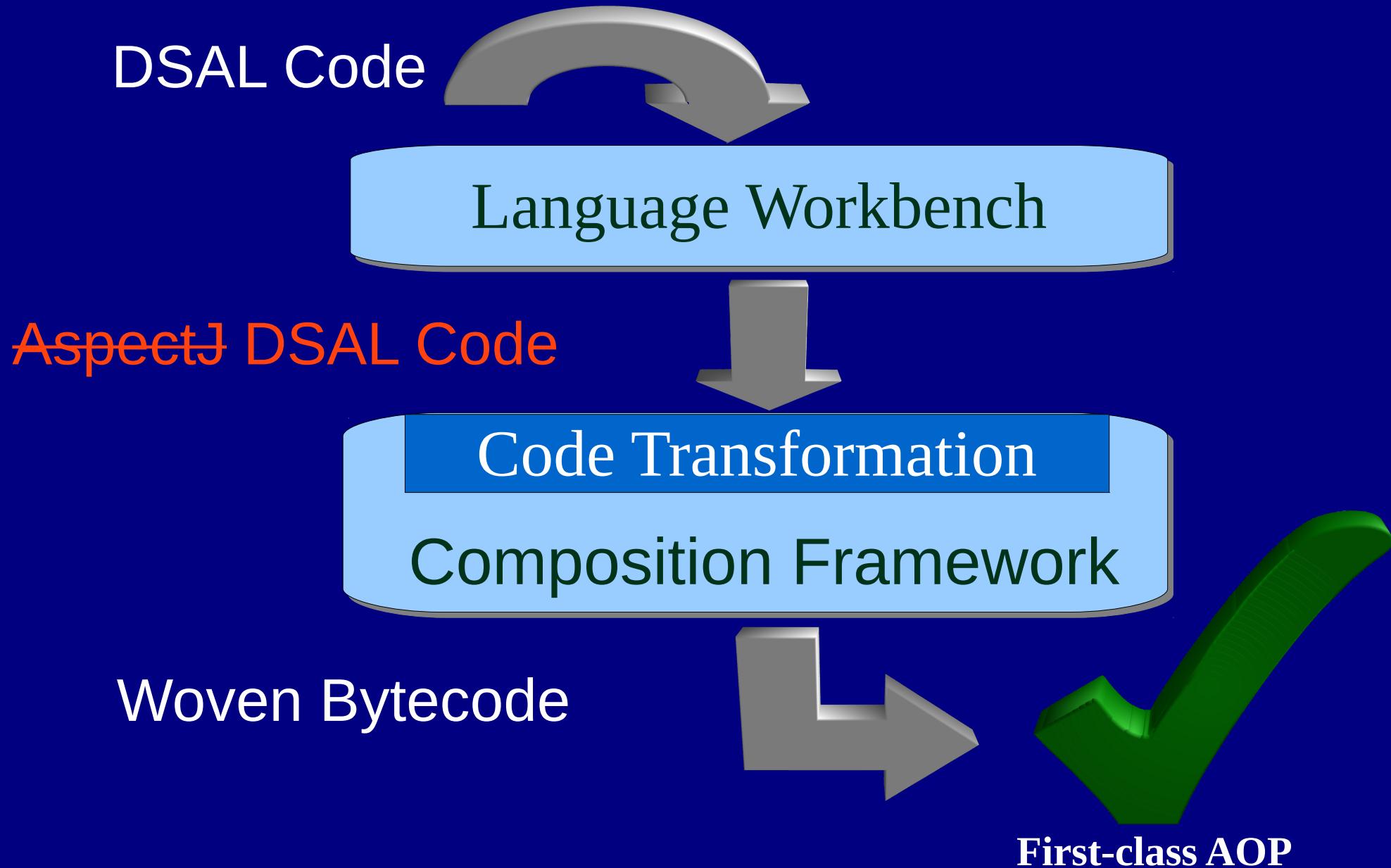
But Still Second-class AOP



Traditional LW Architecture



DSAL Workbench Architecture



DSAL Workbench Architecture

Standalone
DSAL compiler

Can generate debugging &
browsing information

DSAL Code

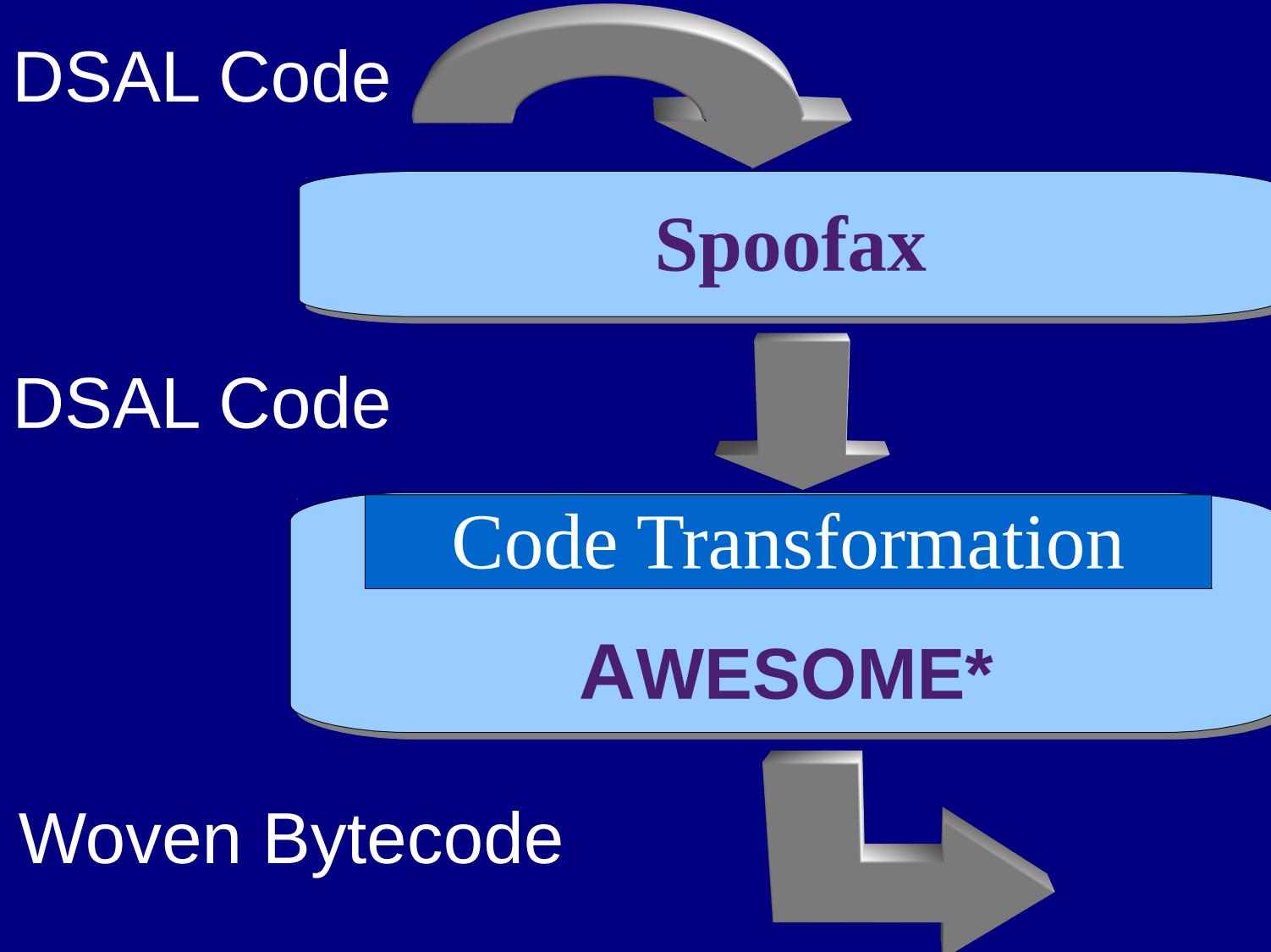
Code Transformation

Composition Framework

Woven Bytecode

First-class AOP

Implementation



Example: First Class COOL

The screenshot shows two code editors side-by-side. The left editor is titled "BoundedStack.java" and contains Java code for a bounded stack. The right editor is titled "BoundedStackCoord.cool" and contains COOL code for the same stack, which includes a coordinator aspect.

BoundedStack.java:

```
package base;

public class BoundedStack implements Stack {
    protected Object[] buffer;
    private int usedSlots = 0;
    public BoundedStack(int capacity) {
        this.buffer = new Object[capacity];
    }
    public Object pop() {
        Object result = buffer[usedSlots - 1];
        usedSlots--;
        buffer[usedSlots] = null;
        return result;
    }
    public void push(Object obj) {
        // Implementation details
    }
}
```

A callout box highlights the line "push(Object obj)" in the Java code, with the text "Multiple markers at this line" and "- implements base.Stack.push" and "- advised by injar aspect: BoundedStackCoord.cool".

BoundedStackCoord.cool:

```
package base;

coordinator base.BoundedStack {
    selfex {push(java.lang.Object), pop()};
    mutex {push(java.lang.Object), pop()};

    condition full = false, empty = true;
    int top = 0;

    push(java.lang.Object):
        requires (!full);
        on_entry {top = top + 1;};
        on_exit {
            empty = false;
            if (top == buffer.length) full = true;
        }

    pop():
        requires (!empty);
        on_entry {top = top - 1;};
        on_exit {
            full = false;
            if (top == 0) empty = true;
        }
}
```

DSAL “Bill of Rights”

- *Freedom of Expression*
 - *Syntactic*
 - *Semantic*
- *Economic Freedom*
 - *Cost effective Implementation*
 - *Cost effective Usage*
- *Freedom of Assembly*
 - *DSL Interoperability*
- *Equality with domain-specific languages and AOP languages*

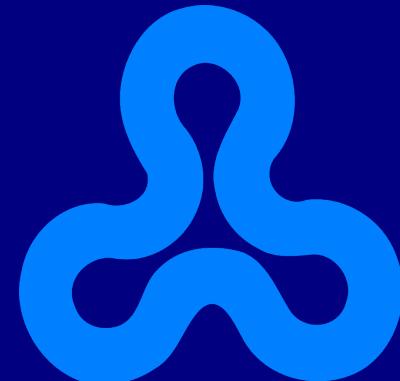
Related Work

- **Language Workbenches**
 - [Fowler, 2005] Language workbenches: The killer-app for domain specific languages.
 - [Kats and Visser, 2005] The Spoofax language workbench: Rules for declarative specification of languages and IDEs.
 - [Lorenz and Rosenan, 2011] Cedalion: A language for language oriented programming.
- **AOP Composition Frameworks**
 - [Kojarski and Lorenz, 2005] Pluggable AOP: Designing aspect mechanisms for third-party composition.
 - [Lorenz and Kojarski, 2007] Understanding aspect interaction, co-advising and foreign advising.
 - [Kojarski and Lorenz, 2007] Awesome: An aspect co-weaving system for composing multiple aspect-oriented extensions.

Conclusion

- A novel design for DSAL workbench that produces first-class DSAL
 - First-class DSL
 - First-class AOP language
- Prototype comprising Spooftax and AWESOME*
- Plug-in for COOL as a first-class DSAL

Thank You!



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<https://github.com/OpenUniversity>